THE ADVERTISING INDUSTRY’S PROCESS OF VOLUNTARY SELF-REGULATION

Policies and Procedures by
BBB National Programs, Inc.

Procedures for:

The National Advertising Division
(NAD)

The Children’s Advertising Review Unit
(CARU)

The National Advertising Review Board
(NARB)
1.1 Definitions

A. The term “national advertising” shall include any paid commercial message, in any medium (including labeling), if it has the purpose of inducing a sale or other commercial transaction or persuading the audience of the value or usefulness of a company, product or service; if it is disseminated nationally or to a substantial portion of the United States, or is test market advertising prepared for national campaigns; and if the content is controlled by the advertiser.

B. The term “advertiser” shall mean any person or other legal entity that engages in “national advertising.”

C. The term “advertising agency” shall mean any organization engaged in the creation and/or placement of “national advertising.”

D. The term “public or non-industry member” shall mean any person who has a reputation for achievements in the public interest.

2.1 NAD/CARU

A. Function and Policies
The National Advertising Division (NAD), and the Children’s Advertising Review Unit (CARU) of the BBB National Programs shall be responsible for receiving or initiating, evaluating, investigating, analyzing (in conjunction with outside experts, if warranted, and upon notice to the parties), and holding negotiations with an advertiser, and resolving complaints or questions from any source involving the truth or accuracy of national advertising, or consistency with CARU’s Self-Regulatory Program for Children’s Advertising.

NAD, CARU and the National Advertising Review Board (NARB) are investigative or appellate units of the advertising industry’s system of voluntary self-regulation. Policies and procedures are established by BBB National Programs. A decision by NAD/CARU/NARB does not constitute a finding that the law has been violated. An advertiser’s voluntary participation in the self-regulatory process is not an admission and shall not be interpreted to constitute an admission by the advertiser or a finding that the law has been violated.

Any questions or concerns related to a pending case at NAD or CARU should be directed to the NAD or CARU Vice President. Questions or concerns regarding closed NAD or CARU cases should be directed to the BBB National Programs President and CEO or his or her designee.

B. Advertising Monitoring NAD and CARU are charged with independent responsibility for monitoring and reviewing national advertising for truthfulness, accuracy and, in the case of ARU, consistency with CARU’s Self-Regulatory Program for Children’s Advertising.

C. Case Reports
The BBB National Programs shall publish at least ten times each year the Case Reports, which will include the final case decisions of NAD, CARU and NARB, and summaries of any other matters concluded since the previous issue. Each final NAD, CARU and NARB case decision shall identify the advertiser, challenger, advertising agency, product or service, and subject matter reviewed. It shall also include a summary of each party’s position, NAD/CARU/NARB’s decision and its rationale, and a concise Advertiser’s Statement, if any (See Section 2.9).

CARU shall publish in the Case Reports a summary of CARU’s actions, other than formal cases, during the preceding month (Activity Report). Included in this Activity Report shall be the following:

1) Inquiries—summaries of informal inquiries under CARU’s Expedited Procedures (see Section 2.13 below);

2) Pre-Screening/Submissions—summaries of story-boards or videotapes of proposed advertising submitted to CARU for prescreening.

D. Guidance to the Public
From time to time, after consultation with the BBB National Programs Counsel:
NAD or CARU may inform the public, through the *Case Reports* and other media, of trends, principles and interpretations derived from previously published case decisions.

After consulting with the General Counsel, CARU may also inform the public of new interpretations of its guidelines that believes would provide appropriate advance notice of the application of CARU guidelines to existing industry practices maintained by multiple advertisers. Prior to publication of any such interpretation, CARU will prepare appropriate explanatory materials for the BBB National Programs and may publish the interpretation in the *Case Reports* and other media if, after 30 days, BBB National Programs has not scheduled a meeting to consider the matter. If such a meeting is scheduled, CARU may publish the interpretation after BBB National Programs’ consideration unless BBB National Programs revises CARU’s *Self-Regulatory Program for Children’s Advertising* in a manner that moots the interpretation.

E. Confidentiality of NAD/CARU/NARB Proceedings

1. NAD, CARU, and NARB proceedings are confidential except for:

   a. publication of final case decisions and summaries of other actions, as provided by these Procedures;

   b. NAD, CARU, and NARB press releases announcing final case decisions and summaries;

   c. referrals by NAD, CARU, or NARB to government agencies as provided by these Procedures; and

   d. actions taken by NAD or CARU under Sections 2.1(F)(2) and (F)(3) of these Procedures.

2. Published NAD, CARU, and NARB decisions are the only permanent records required to be kept as to the basis of an inquiry, the issues defined, the facts and data presented, and the conclusions reached by NAD/CARU/NARB.

3. By participating in a proceeding, parties agree:

   a. to keep the proceedings confidential throughout the review process;

   b. not to subpoena any witnesses or documents regarding the review proceeding from NAD, CARU, NARB, or the BBB National Programs in any future court or other proceeding (except for the purposes of authentication of a final, published case decision); and

   c. to pay attorney’s fees and costs if a subpoena is attempted in violations of Section (b) above

F. Parties’ Agreement/Referrals to Law Enforcement Agencies

1. It is the policy of NAD, CARU, NARB, and BBB National Programs not to endorse any company, product, or service. Any decision finding that advertising has been substantiated should not be construed as an endorsement. Similarly, an advertiser’s voluntary modification of advertising, in cooperation with NAD/CARU/NARB self-regulatory efforts, is not to be construed as an admission of any impropriety.

2. By participating in a NAD, CARU, or NARB proceeding, parties agree:
(a) not to issue a press release regarding any decisions issued; and/or

(b) not to mischaracterize any decision issued or use and/or disseminate such decision for advertising and/or promotional purposes. NAD/CARU/NARB may take whatever action it deems appropriate if a party violates this provision, including the issuance of a public statement for clarification purposes.

(3) When NAD or CARU commences a review pursuant to Section 2.2 of these procedures, and the advertiser elects not to participate in the self-regulatory process, NAD/CARU shall prepare a review of the facts with relevant exhibits and forward them to the appropriate federal or state law enforcement agency. Reports of such referrals shall be included in the Case Reports.

G. Academic and Other Expert Advisors CARU may establish a panel of academic and other experts as needed from which CARU may obtain advice pertinent to advertising, cognitive ability, nutrition and other matters, and on the application of CARU’s Self-Regulatory Program for Children’s Advertising.

2.2 Filing a Complaint

A. Any person or legal entity may submit to NAD/CARU any complaint regarding national advertising, regardless of whether it is addressed to consumers, to professionals or to business entities. Likewise, NAD/CARU may initiate a proceeding as part of their monitoring responsibility pursuant to Section 2.1(B) of these Procedures. All complaints (except those submitted by consumers), including any supporting documentation, must be submitted in duplicate hard copy and in an electronic format (including evidentiary exhibits when possible.) Challengers should limit the length of their submissions to 20 typewritten pages (12-point type) excluding evidentiary exhibits, and must identify all express and implied claims to be considered by NAD/CARU. A challenger may further expedite the review of the contested advertising by waiving its right to reply (see Section 2.6(B)) or by requesting an “Expedited Review” pursuant to Section 2.11 of these Proceedings.

(1) **BBB National Partner Filing Fees**

Competitive challenges before NAD by BBB National Partners shall be filed together with payment by acceptable method in the amount of $25,000, made payable to BBB National Programs.

(2) **Non-National Partner Filing Fees**

Competitive challenges before NAD by companies that are not National Partners shall be filed together with payment by acceptable method, made payable to BBB National Programs in the amount of: (a) $10,000, if the challenger’s gross annual revenue is less than $250 million; (b) $30,000, if the challenger’s gross annual revenue is less than $5 billion; (c) $35,000, if the challenger’s gross annual revenue is $5 billion or more.

The filing fee shall be accompanied by a statement indicating the category into which the challenger’s revenues fall. In the case of a challenge filed by a subsidiary, the filing fee is determined by the gross annual revenue of the parent company.

(3) **CARU Filing Fees**

Competitive challenges before CARU shall be filed together with payment by acceptable method, made payable to BBB National Programs, in the amount of $2,500 (for National Partners) or $6,000 (for non-National Partners or CARU Supporters).

(4) **BBB National Programs** shall have the discretion to waive or reduce the fee for any challenger who can demonstrate economic hardship. If an NAD or CARU case is administratively closed for any reason other than consent of the parties pursuant to Section 2.2(E), fifty percent of the filing fee will be refunded.

B. Upon receipt of any complaint, NAD/CARU shall promptly acknowledge receipt of the complaint and, in addition, shall take the following actions:
If, at the commencement or during
the course of an advertising review
proceeding, NAD/CARU concludes that the
advertising claims complained of are: (a) not
national in character; (b) the subject of
pending litigation or an order by a court; (c)
the subject of a federal government agency
consent decree or order; (d) permanently
withdrawn from use prior to the date of the
complaint and NAD/CARU receives the
advertiser’s assurance, in writing, that the
representation(s) at issue will not be used by
the advertiser in any future advertising for the
product or service; (e) of such technical
character that NAD/CARU could not conduct
a meaningful analysis of the issues; or (f)
without sufficient merit to
warrant the expenditure of NAD/CARU’s
resources, NAD/CARU shall advise the
challenger that the complaint is not, or is no
longer, appropriate for formal investigation in
this forum. Upon making such a
determination, NAD/CARU shall advise the
challenger that a case will not be opened, or in
the event that an advertising review
proceeding has already been commenced,
shall administratively close the case file and
report this action in the next issue of the Case
Reports. When it can, NAD/CARU shall
provide the challenger with the name and
address of any agency or group with
jurisdiction over the complaint.

If the complaint relates to matters
other than the truth or accuracy of the
advertising, or consistency with CARU’s
Self-Regulatory Program for Children’s Advertising, NAD/CARU shall so advise the
challenger, as provided above, and where a
significant national advertising issue is raised,
shall forward a copy of the complaint to the
BBB National Programs President and CEO
or his or her designee who, in consultation
with the NARB Chair, shall consider whether
the complaint is appropriate for a consultive
panel.

If, in its discretion, NAD/CARU
determines that a complaint is too broad or
includes too many issues or claims to make
resolution within the time constraints
prescribed by these Procedures feasible,
NAD/CARU may request that the challenger
limit the issues or claims to be considered in
the review proceeding, or, in the alternative,
advise the challenger that the matter will
require an extended schedule for review.

If a complaint challenges advertising
for more than one product (or product line),
NAD/CARU may return the complaint to the
challenger and request that separate
complaints be submitted for each of the
advertised products.

If the complaint relates to the truth or
accuracy of a national advertisement, or
consistency with CARU’s Self-Regulatory
Program for Children’s Advertising, NAD/CARU shall promptly forward the
complaint by overnight or electronic mail to
the advertiser for its response.

Complaints regarding specific
language in an advertisement, or on product
packaging or labels, when that language is
mandated or expressly approved by federal
law or regulation; political and issue
advertising, and questions of taste and
morality (unless raising questions under
CARU’s Self-Regulatory Program for
Children’s Advertising), are not within
NAD/CARU’s mandate. If the complaint, in
part, relates to matters other than the truth and
accuracy of the advertising, or consistency
with CARU’s Self-Regulatory Program for
Children’s Advertising, NAD/CARU shall so
advise the challenger.

NAD/CARU reserves the right to
refuse to open or to continue to handle a case
where a party to an NAD/CARU proceeding publicizes, or otherwise announces, to third
parties not directly related to the case the
fact that specific advertising will be, is being, or
has been, referred to NAD/CARU for
resolution. The purpose of this right of refusal is
to maintain a professional, unbiased
atmosphere in which NAD/CARU can affect
a timely and lasting resolution to a case in the
spirit of furthering voluntary self-regulation.
of advertising and the voluntary cooperation of the parties involved.

C. In all cases, the identity of the challenger must be disclosed to NAD/CARU who shall advise the advertiser of the identity of the challenger.

D. NAD/CARU will administratively close a case if, prior to NAD/CARU providing a copy of its decision to the advertiser, the challenger and advertiser consent in writing to closure of the case. Cases closed based on consent of the parties will be reported in the NAD/CARU Case Reports as “Administratively Closed on Consent of Parties.” If a case is administratively closed based on consent of the parties, NAD/CARU shall not be precluded from filing a complaint based on the same or similar claims as part of NAD/CARU’s monitoring responsibility pursuant to Section 2.1(B).

2.3 Parties to NAD/CARU/NARB Proceedings

A. Except as provided in Section 2.3(B), the parties to the proceeding are (i) NAD/CARU acting in the public interest, (ii) the advertiser acting in its own interest, and (iii) the challenger(s), whose respective rights and obligations in an NAD/CARU/NARB proceeding are defined in Sections 2.2, 2.4, 2.5, 2.6, 2.7, 2.8, 2.9, 2.10, 2.11, 2.12, 3.1, 3.2, 3.3, 3.5, and 4.1 of these Procedures.

B. NAD/CARU shall not be a party to an NARB proceeding except in cases where NAD/CARU filed the complaint as part of its monitoring responsibility. When NAD/CARU is not a party to an NARB proceeding, NAD/CARU representatives may attend the NARB hearing to answer questions from the panel when requested by the NARB Panel Chair.

2.4 Information in NAD/CARU Proceedings

A. All information submitted to NAD/CARU by the challenger and the advertiser, pursuant to Sections 2.4 through 2.11 of these Procedures shall be submitted in duplicate hard copy and in an electronic format (including evidentiary exhibits when possible). Upon receipt of a filing by any party, NAD/CARU shall forward a copy to the other party by messenger, electronic or overnight mail. All transmittals by NAD/CARU during the course of an advertising review proceeding shall be paid for by the challenger, unless the challenger is a consumer or otherwise demonstrates economic hardship, in which case all transmittals shall be paid for by NAD/CARU.

B. Time periods for all submissions to NAD, CARU and NARB shall commence on and include the first day of business following the date of delivery of the triggering document and shall not include Saturdays, Sundays or Federal holidays.

C. NAD/CARU shall not consider any data submitted by a challenger that has not been made available to the advertiser, and any materials submitted by a challenger on condition that they not be shown to the advertiser shall promptly be returned. In the case of studies, tests, polls and other forms of research, the data provided should be sufficiently complete to permit expert evaluation of such study, test, poll or other research. NAD/CARU shall be the sole judge of whether the data are sufficiently complete to permit expert evaluation. If a party initially submits incomplete records of data that is then in its possession, and later seeks to supplement the record, NAD/CARU may decline to accept the additional data if it determines that the party’s failure to submit complete information in the first instance was without reasonable justification.

D. An advertiser may submit trade secrets and/or proprietary information or data (excluding any consumer perception communications data regarding the advertising in question) to NAD/CARU with the request that such data not be made available to the challenger, provided it shall:

1. clearly identify those portions of the submission that it is requesting be kept confidential in the copy submitted for NAD/CARU’s review;
2. redact any confidential portions from the copy submitted by the advertiser to the challenger;
3. provide NAD with both a redacted and unredacted copy of the submission;
4. provide a written statement setting forth the basis for the request for confidentiality;
(5) affirm that the information for which confidentiality is claimed is not publicly available and consists of trade secrets and/or proprietary information or data; and

(6) attach as separate exhibit to NAD/CARU’s and the challenger’s copy of the submission a comprehensive summary of the proprietary information and data (including as much non-confidential information as possible about the methodology employed and the results obtained) and the principal arguments submitted by the advertiser in its rebuttal of the challenge. Failure of the advertiser to provide this information will be considered significant grounds for appeal of a decision by a challenger. (See Section 3.1)

E. Prior to the transfer of data to the advertiser or challenger, NAD/CARU shall obtain assurances that the recipients agree that the materials are provided exclusively for the purpose of furthering NAD/CARU’s inquiry; circulation should be restricted to persons directly involved in the inquiry, and recipients are required to honor a request at the completion of the inquiry that all copies be returned.

F. Whenever CARU has consulted an expert from the panel established under Section 2.1(G), or otherwise, in connection with the filing of a complaint, consideration of a complaint, or prescreening, the expert’s opinion shall be in writing, or summarized in writing by CARU. The expert’s opinion and a brief description of the expert’s qualifications shall be made available to the parties promptly. The advertiser or challenger may respond to the expert’s opinion in any submission under Sections 2.5, 2.6, 2.7 or 2.8. When furnished to the advertiser or challenger, CARU shall inform the parties that there has been no final determination by CARU on any matter contained in the expert’s opinion.

2.5 The Advertiser’s Substantive Written Response

The advertiser shall, within 15 business days after receipt of the complaint, submit to both NAD/CARU and the challenger, one hard copy and one electronic format copy (including exhibits when possible), of its written response that provides substantiation for any advertising claims or representations challenged, any objections it may have to the proceedings on jurisdictional grounds, as defined in Sections 2.2(B)(1), together with copies of all advertising, in any medium, that is related to the campaign that includes the challenged advertising. Where the written response prepared by the advertiser for the challenger shall have any material designated as confidential redacted, it shall include, as a separate exhibit, a comprehensive summary of the redacted information in the manner set forth in Section 2.4(D) above. NAD is to receive both the redacted and unredacted versions of the written response as well as the separate comprehensive summary.

The advertiser may not include a counter challenge (i.e., a request that NAD/CARU review advertising claims made by the challenger) in its response. Such a request must be filed as a separate complaint as described in Section 2.2 of these Procedures. Advertisers should limit the length of their response to 20 typewritten pages (12-point type), excluding evidentiary exhibits. Advertiser responses addressed to the issue of NAD/CARU jurisdiction should be submitted as soon as possible after receipt of the complaint, but in any event, must be submitted no later than 15 days after the advertiser receives the initial complaint. (See also Section 2.10 Failure to Respond.)

2.6 The Challenger’s Reply

A. Within ten business days of receipt of the advertiser’s response, the challenger may submit to both NAD/CARU and the advertiser, one hard copy and one electronic format copy (including exhibits when possible), of its reply, if any. Challengers should limit the length of their reply to 20 typewritten pages (12-point type), excluding evidentiary exhibits. If the challenger does not submit a reply, NAD/CARU shall proceed to decide the challenge upon the expiration of the challenger’s time to reply, subject to a request by NAD/CARU for additional comments or data under Section 2.8(A).

B. Expediting Review by Waiving the Reply

After the challenger has reviewed the advertiser’s first substantive written response; the challenger may
notify NAD/CARU in writing that it elects to waive its right to add to the record, thereby expediting the proceeding. In the event that a challenger waives its right to reply, additional information from either party may be submitted only upon request from NAD/CARU and shall be treated in the same manner as requests for additional comments or data under Section 2.8(A) of these Procedures and any meetings with the parties will be held at the discretion of NAD/CARU pursuant to Section 2.8(B) of these Procedures.

2.7 Advertiser’s Final Response

Within ten business days after receipt of the challenger’s reply, the advertiser shall submit a response, if any, to both NAD/CARU and the challenger, one hard copy and one electronic format copy (including exhibits when possible). Advertisers should limit the length of their response to 20 typewritten pages (12-point type), excluding evidentiary exhibits.

2.8 Additional Information and Meetings with the Parties

A. In the event that NAD/CARU deems it necessary and requests further comments or data from an advertiser or challenger, the written response must be submitted within six business days of the request. NAD/CARU will immediately forward the additional response to the advertiser or challenger, who will be afforded six business days to submit its own response to the submission. Unless NAD/CARU requests further comments or data under this paragraph, no additional submissions will be accepted as part of the case record, and any unsolicited submissions received by NAD/CARU will be returned.

B. NAD/CARU, in its discretion, may, in addition to accepting written responses, participate in a meeting, either in person or via teleconference, with either or both parties. In the event that NAD/CARU participates in a meeting in which only one party participates, NAD/CARU shall notify the other party that a teleconference or meeting has been scheduled to take place. Where feasible, upon request, an advertiser shall be afforded the opportunity to schedule its meeting with NAD/CARU after the date of the challenger’s meeting. All meetings with the parties shall be held within 15 business days of NAD’s receipt of the Advertiser’s Final Response (Section 2.7).

C. Except upon request by NAD, as provided in Section 2.8(A) of these Procedures, no new evidence may be submitted for inclusion in the record at these meetings. Any non-requested information provided during a meeting that is not already in the submissions of the party (including visual demonstrations, summaries and other documentary evidence) will not be included in the record and will not be considered by NAD/CARU in making its decision or by an NARB Panel in reviewing NAD’s decision on appeal.

D. The period of time available for all communications, including meetings and written submissions, shall not exceed the time limits set forth in Sections 2.4 through 2.8 above except upon agreement of NAD/CARU and the parties.

2.9 Decision

A. The Final Case Decision

Within 20 business days of its receipt of the last document authorized by Sections 2.5 to 2.8 above, or, if the parties elect to meet with NAD/CARU, upon completion of the final meeting, NAD/CARU will formulate its decision on the truth and accuracy of the claims at issue, or consistency with CARU’s Self-Regulatory Program for Children’s Advertising; prepare the final case decision; provide a copy to the advertiser; and invite the advertiser to add an Advertiser’s Statement within five business days of receipt.

B. Advertiser’s Statement

In the event that NAD/CARU decides some or all of the advertising claims at issue are not substantiated, the advertiser shall, within five business days of receipt of the decision, submit an Advertiser’s Statement that initially states whether the advertiser:

1. agrees to comply with NAD/CARU’s recommendations, or

2. will appeal all or part of NAD/CARU’s decision to the NARB as specified in Section 3.1.

The Advertiser’s Statement may include a concise supporting statement, no longer than one-half of one
double-spaced typewritten page (12-point type),
which does not reargue the merits of the case,
mischaracterize the decision, or contain new facts.
NAD/CARU reserves the right, following
consultation with the advertiser, to edit for length or
inappropriate material. In the event that the advertiser
fails to submit an Advertiser’s Statement as required
by this Section, NAD/CARU may refer the matter to
an appropriate government agency for review and
possible law enforcement action.

C. Publication of the Decision
Upon receipt of the final version of the
Advertiser’s Statement, NAD/CARU shall
provide copies of the final case decision to the
advertiser and the challenger, by electronic or
overnight mail or messenger, and make the
decision available to the public through press
announcements and publication of the decision
in the next Case Reports.

D. Case Report Headings
NAD/CARU’s decisions in the Case Reports shall
be published under the headings:

- Advertising Substantiated
- Advertising Referred to NARB
- Advertising Modified or Discontinued
- Advertising Substantiated/Modified or
  Discontinued
- Administrative Closing
- Advertising Referred to Government
  Agency
- No Substantiation Received
- Compliance

E. Annual Summary
The first issue of the Case Reports each calendar
year shall include a summary, prepared by
NAD/CARU, which includes the number,
source and disposition of all complaints received
and cases published by NAD/CARU during the
prior year.

2.10 Failure to Respond

A. If an advertiser fails to file a substantive
written response within the period provided in
Section 2.5 above, NAD/CARU shall release to
the press and the public a “notice” summarizing
the advertising claims challenged in the
complaint, and noting the advertiser’s failure to
substantively respond.

B. If the advertiser fails to file a substantive
written response within an additional 15
business days, NAD/CARU may refer the file to
the appropriate government agency and release
information regarding the referral to the press,
the public, and the media in which the
advertising at issue has appeared and shall report
the referral in the next issue of the Case Reports.

C. If a challenger fails to file a reply within
the time provided by Section 2.6, or an
advertiser fails to file a response within the time
provided in Section 2.7, the untimely document
shall not be considered by NAD/CARU, or by
any panel of the NARB.

2.11 Expedited Proceeding

A challenger may, with the consent of the advertiser,
request that NAD/CARU engage in an expedited
review of the contested advertising. This request
must be made in the challenger’s initial challenge
letter to NAD/CARU, which shall not exceed four
double-spaced typewritten pages. Based on the
complexity of the challenge, NAD/CARU shall
determine whether the matter is appropriate for an
expedited review. If a challenger’s request for an
expedited proceeding is accepted, the challenger
automatically waives its right to reply to the
Advertiser’s substantive written response. The
advertiser will have 15 business days in which to
respond to NAD/CARU’s inquiry. NAD/CARU will
forward the advertiser’s response to the challenger.
Thereafter, NAD/CARU may, in its discretion,
request additional information from either party.
NAD/CARU will issue a summary decision within 15
business days after the close of the evidentiary
record. If NAD/CARU determines that the
advertising should be modified or discontinued, the
advertiser may then request a full review (with any
additional submissions permitted by these
Procedures) and a detailed decision. In such a case,
the advertiser will be required to discontinue the
challenged advertising until the final decision is
issued. In an expedited proceeding, the parties’ rights
to appeal (as described in Sections 3.1(A) and 3.1(B)
of these Procedures) attach only in the event that the
advertiser requests a full review and after a detailed
decision is issued on the merits.
2.12 Requests for Product

When CARU’s monitoring identifies an advertisement which may raise concerns under the Guidelines, but only physical inspection of the product or packaging can determine whether such concerns exist, CARU will request a sample of the product from the advertiser. If the advertiser complies with CARU’s request within five business days, and inspection of the product reveals no questions of non-compliance with the Guidelines, no inquiry will be opened.

2.13 CARU Expedited Proceeding

Notwithstanding Sections 2.2 through 2.11 above, in instances of incorrect commercial placement or technical error, if the advertiser responds within five business days of receipt of an inquiry regarding non-compliance with CARU’s Guidelines and the advertising is substantiated, or if within an additional five business days any violation of the Guidelines is remedied, no formal case will be opened, and the results will be published in the CARU Activity Report.

3.1 Appeal

A. When an advertiser does not agree to comply with NAD/CARU’s decision on one or more issues involved in a case, the advertiser shall be entitled to panel review by the NARB. To appeal an NAD/CARU decision, an advertiser shall make a request for a referral to the NARB and specify any and all issues for its appeal in the Advertiser’s Statement it prepares in response to NAD/CARU’s decision pursuant to Section 2.9(B). All advertiser requests for an appeal to NARB shall be submitted electronically together with payment (check made payable to BBB National Programs, Inc. or electronic payment with procedures on payment) in the amount of $25,000. In such cases, NAD shall publish its decision and the Advertiser’s Statement in the next Case Reports under the heading “Advertising Referred to NARB”.

B. Within ten business days after the date of receipt of a copy of NAD/CARU’s final case decision, the challenger may request review by the NARB by filing a letter, not to exceed 20 double-spaced pages plus any relevant attachments from the NAD/CARU case record, explaining why there is a substantial likelihood that the NARB would reach a different result from NAD. The letter shall be accompanied by a non-refundable review fee of $5,000 in a check made payable to BBB National Programs, Inc. or electronic payment which shall be credited toward the filing fee required by Section 3.1(C) if the review is granted, and should be addressed to: Chair, National Advertising Review Board (NARB), 112 Madison Ave., 3rd Floor, New York, NY 10016. The challenger shall send a copy of this letter to the advertiser and to NAD/CARU. Within ten business days after receipt of the copy of the request for review, the advertiser and NAD/CARU shall each submit a response to the NARB Chair, not to exceed 20 double-spaced pages plus any relevant attachments from the NAD/CARU case record. A copy of the advertiser’s and NAD/CARU’s responses shall be sent by the advertiser and NAD/CARU, respectively, to the challenger, except that portions of the case record that were submitted to NAD/CARU on a confidential basis shall not be sent to the challenger unless the advertiser consents. No other submissions shall be made to the NARB Chair. These letters, together with the relevant sections of the case record provided by the parties, shall be reviewed by the NARB Chair who shall render a determination as to whether to grant the challenger’s request for an appeal within ten business days after receipt of the NAD’s and advertiser’s responses. If the NARB Chair grants the challenger’s request for an appeal, the appeal shall proceed pursuant to Section 3.1(C). The challenger shall submit a payment (check made payable to BBB National Programs, Inc. or electronic payment) in the amount of $20,000 ($25,000 less $5,000 non-refundable review fee) to: Chair, National Advertising Review Board (NARB), 112 Madison Ave., 3rd Floor, New York, NY 10016.

C. NAD/CARU shall prepare the relevant portions of the case record and forward them to the NARB within five business days of the issuance of the NAD Decision to the challenger. NARB shall thereafter send a digital copy of the case record to the parties, except that portions of the case record that were submitted to NAD/CARU on a confidential basis shall not be
sent to the challenger unless the advertiser consents. The appellant shall pay for all NARB copying and transmittal costs incurred as a result of an appeal or request for appeal pursuant to Sections 3.1 through 3.6 of these Procedures. Where the advertiser and the challenger both appeal, these costs shall be divided equally between them. In any event, NARB shall pay these costs for any party that can demonstrate economic hardship.

D. In the event that the advertiser shall exercise its right to an appeal under Section 3.1(A), the challenger shall have the right to appeal any additional issues considered by NAD/CARU. In the event that a challenger’s request to appeal is granted by the NARB Chair under Section 3.1(B), the advertiser may appeal any additional issues considered by NAD/CARU, notwithstanding that its time to file an appeal as of right has expired. The challenger or advertiser may exercise the right to appeal under this paragraph by submitting a letter to the NARB at the address listed in Section 3.1(B), requesting the appeal and specifying the additional issues it wishes to appeal. The cross-appellant shall pay a filing fee by check made payable to BBB National Programs, Inc. or electronic payment in the amount of $25,000. In the case of the challenger, the letter and the payment of the fee shall be due within five business days of receipt of the final case decision with the NARB Chair’s determination granting the challenger’s request to appeal. Copies of these letters shall be sent by the issuing party to all of the other parties.

E. BBB National Programs shall have the discretion to waive or reduce the fee for an appellant or cross-appellant who can demonstrate economic hardship.

F. Submission Schedule

(1) Submissions when there is no cross-appeal. The party appealing shall, within ten business days of receipt of the case record prepared by NAD/CARU, submit to the NARB Chair, addressed as indicated in Section 3.1(B) with a copy to NAD/CARU, a letter not to exceed 30 double-spaced pages explaining its position. The appellant shall send a copy of the letter to the opposing party who shall have ten business days after its receipt to submit a response, not to exceed 30 double-spaced pages, to the NARB Chair with copies to the other party and to NAD/CARU. No other submissions shall be made.

(2) Submissions when there is a cross-appeal. Each party shall, within ten business days of receipt of the case record prepared by NAD/CARU, submit to the NARB Chair, addressed as indicated in Section 3.1(B) with a copy to NAD/CARU, a letter not to exceed 15 double-spaced pages explaining its position with respect to its appeal. Each party shall send a copy of the letter to the opposing party who shall have ten business days after its receipt to submit a response, not to exceed 15 double-spaced pages, to the NARB Chair with copies to the other party and also to NAD/CARU. No other submissions shall be made.

3.2 Content of Submissions to NARB

The written submissions to the NARB may contain new arguments and cite to applicable legal precedent, including NAD, CARU, or NARB precedent, even if it was not cited in submissions to NAD or CARU. The written submissions to NARB shall not contain any evidence or facts that are not in the case record forwarded to NARB pursuant to Section 3.1(C) of these Procedures. In the event that the NARB Chair, after consultation with the parties, determines that a party has included evidence or facts outside this record in its submission to NARB, the Chair may, in his/her discretion:

(a) return the brief to the party with a request that it reduct any information that NARB has identified as outside the record and resubmit its brief within three business days. If the party fails to submit a properly redacted brief within three days, it shall be deemed to have defaulted on its appeal; or

(b) remand the matter to NAD/CARU for a determination on whether the additional
information constitutes “newly discovered evidence” sufficient to warrant reopening of the case under the “extraordinary circumstances” provisions of Section 3.9 of these Procedures. If NAD or CARU determines that it is not appropriate to reopen the case, NAD/CARU shall return the brief to the NARB Chair who shall handle any information outside the record in the manner provided by Section 3.2(a) above.

3.3 Appointment of Review Panel

The NARB Chair, upon receipt of an appeal by an advertiser, or upon granting a request to appeal by a challenger, shall appoint a panel of qualified NARB members and designate the panel member who shall serve as panel Chair.

3.4 Eligibility of Panelists

A. An “advertiser” NARB member shall be considered as not qualified to sit on a particular panel if his/her employing company manufactures or sells a product or service which directly competes with a product or service sold by the advertiser involved in the proceeding. An “agency” NARB member shall be considered as not qualified if his/her employing advertising agency represents a client that sells a product or service which directly competes with the product or service involved in the proceeding.

B. Any NARB member shall disqualify himself/herself if, for any reason arising out of past or present employment or affiliation, (s)he believes that (s)he cannot reach a completely unbiased decision.

C. The NARB Chair shall inform the parties of their right to object, for cause, to the inclusion of individual panel members, and to request that replacement members be appointed. Requests shall be subject to approval by the NARB Chair.

3.5 Composition of Review Panel

Each panel shall be composed of one “public” member, one “advertising agency” member, and three “advertiser” members. A panel may proceed with four panel members. The NARB Chair may change the composition of the panel, if necessary, due to the unavailability of panel members in any category. The panel shall meet at the call of NARB. The NARB Panel Chair shall preside over its meetings, hearings and deliberations. The concurring vote of three members is required to decide any substantive question before the panel. Any panel member may write a separate concurring or dissenting opinion, which shall be published with the majority opinion.

3.6 Procedure of Review Panel

A. As soon as the panel has been selected, the NARB Chair shall inform all parties as to the identity of the panel members. At the same time, (s)he shall mail copies of all submissions under Section 3.1(C) to each of the panel members, and shall, in like manner, send them any response or request submitted by any other party or parties.

B. If any party to the dispute before NAD/CARU requests an opportunity to participate in the proceedings before the panel, (s)he shall be accommodated. All parties to a matter before the panel shall be given notice of any meeting at which the matter is to be presented to the panel upon scheduling. Such notice shall set out the date and place of the meeting, and the procedure to be followed.

The case record in NAD, CARU and/or NARB proceedings shall be considered closed upon the publication of the final case decision as described in Section 2.9.

C. NARB Decision

(1) The Panel Decision shall be based upon the portion of the record before NAD/CARU which it has forwarded to the panel, the submissions under Section 3.1(F), and any summaries of the record, facts and arguments based thereon which are presented to the panel during its meeting with the parties. A party may present representatives to summarize facts that were presented to NAD/CARU and to present new arguments, and members of the panel may question these persons. If the advertiser has declined to share any of its substantiation with the challenger, the panel shall honor its
request for confidentiality, even though the challenger may have instituted the appeal. The challenger shall therefore be excluded from the meeting during the time when such confidential substantiation is being discussed by the panel with NAD/CARU and the advertiser.

(2) The panel shall not consider any evidence or facts if they are outside the evidence and facts presented to NAD/CARU. In making its decision, the panel shall exercise its own independent judgment on the issues presented and shall not give deference to NAD or CARU’s findings and recommendations.

3.7 Timing and Reporting of Panel Decisions

A. When the panel has reached a decision after a panel hearing, the NARB Chair shall transmit the decision to NAD/CARU and then to the advertiser. The advertiser shall, within five business days of receipt of the decision, submit an Advertiser’s Statement that states in the first sentence whether or not the advertiser agrees to comply with the panel’s recommendations. The Advertiser’s Statement may include a concise supporting statement, no longer than one-half of one double-spaced typewritten page (12-point type), which may not reargue the merits of the case, mischaracterize the decision, or contain new facts. The NARB Chair reserves the right, upon consultation with the advertiser, to edit for length or inappropriate material. Thereafter, the Chair shall incorporate the Advertiser’s Statement into the decision, send the final decision to NAD and the parties. BBB National Programs shall draft a press release and send to all of the parties for comment prior to its release. Thereafter the press release is issued and the Panel Decision is posting to the BBB National Programs, Inc. archive.

B. In the event that a panel has recommended an advertiser’s claim be discontinued or modified, and the advertiser fails to respond or does not agree in writing to comply with the decision and recommendations of the panel within five days of the issuance the decision, the NARB Chair shall inform the appropriate government agency by letter, shall offer the complete NARB file upon request to such government agency. Thereafter the press release is issued and the Panel Decision is posting to the BBB National Programs, Inc. archive. The NARB Chair shall report to the NARB at its annual meeting on, among other things, the number, source and disposition of all appeals received by NARB.

3.8 Closing a Case

When a case has been concluded with the publication of a NAD/CARU decision or, when a panel has turned over a decision to the NARB Chair, and when the Chair has executed the procedures in Section 3.7 of these Procedures, except as provided for in Section 3.9, the case shall be closed and, absent extraordinary circumstances, no further materially similar complaints on the claim(s) in question shall be accepted by NAD/CARU.

3.9 Reopening a Case

A. A closed NAD or NARB case may be reopened if the NAD Director, in his/her sole discretion, determines that extraordinary circumstances warrant the reopening. In making this determination, the NAD Vice President shall take into account (1) the advertiser’s compliance with any recommendations by NAD or NARB relating to the claims at issue; (2) if the reopening is requested based on new evidence, whether there is a satisfactory showing that the new evidence was not reasonably available to the party at the time the NAD record was closed; (3) if the reopening is requested based on new evidence, whether the new evidence would have likely changed the NAD or NARB decision in a material way; and (4) whether the request has sufficient merit to warrant the expenditure of NAD resources.

B. A petition requesting that a case be reopened may be submitted by either party to the underlying proceeding to the NAD Vice President together with a non-refundable initial petition to reopen fee of $5,000.
C. If the NAD Vice President grants the petition to reopen, the petitioning party shall pay an additional nonrefundable filing fee equal to the applicable NAD Challenge Fee minus the $5000 initial petition to reopen fee. NAD will send notice to any parties to the prior case of NAD’s decision to reopen, together with any supporting evidence. Fee waivers can be submitted to the BBB National Programs President and CEO or his or her designee pursuant to 2.2 (A) (4).

D. Any reopened case will proceed as though a challenge was filed on the reopened claims in accordance with Sections 2.2 – 3.8 of these procedures, beginning with a submission from the challenger in the original case and concluding with a final case decision (as provided in Section 2.9) that may be appealed as set out in Sections 3.1-3.8 of these procedures. Should a challenger elect not to participate in the reopened case, the case will proceed as though NAD opened the matter on its own initiative. The petition requesting that a case be reopened will not be incorporated into the newly reopened case record.

4.1 Compliance

After an NAD, CARU or NARB panel decision requesting that advertising be “Modified or Discontinued” is published, together with an Advertiser’s Statement indicating the advertiser’s willingness to comply with NAD, CARU or the NARB panel’s recommendations, NAD/CARU or the NARB, either on its own or at the request of a challenger or a third party, may request that the advertiser report back, within ten business days, on the status of the advertising at issue and explain the steps it has taken to bring the advertising into compliance with the decision. Any evidence that NAD/CARU or the NARB relies on as a basis for its request for a status report on compliance shall be forwarded to the advertiser together with the request for a status report.

In response to a request that the advertiser report on its compliance with a NAD, CARU or NARB decision, as described in the preceding paragraph, an advertiser may file a petition to reopen the case under Section 3.9 of these procedures and providing notice to any party in the case sought to be reopened that a petition to reopen has been filed. If a petition to reopen is filed, the compliance inquiry shall be suspended until the NAD Vice President makes a determination as to whether the case shall be reopened. If the petition to reopen is denied, the compliance inquiry shall resume and a response to the compliance inquiry shall be provided within ten business days after the request to reopen is denied. If the petition to reopen is granted, the compliance inquiry shall be terminated and the termination shall be reported in the NAD/CARU Case Reports.

A. Compliance with NAD/CARU decisions.

If, after reviewing the advertiser’s response to a request for a status report on compliance with an NAD/CARU decision, and after reviewing the current advertising, NAD/CARU determines that:

1. the advertising is in compliance with NAD/CARU recommendations, NAD or CARU shall make a determination that no further action is required and close the compliance inquiry and shall continue to monitor for compliance;

2. the advertiser, after a reasonable amount of time, has not made a bona fide attempt to bring its advertising into compliance with NAD/CARU recommendations and/or the representations made in the Advertiser’s Statement, or the advertiser fails to respond to the compliance inquiry, NAD or CARU shall refer the file to the appropriate government agency, release information regarding the referral to the press and the public, and report the referral in the Case Reports. The amount of time considered reasonable to modify or discontinue the advertising in question will vary depending on the advertising medium involved;

3. The advertiser has made a reasonable attempt to comply with a NAD/CARU decision, but NAD/CARU remains concerned about the truthfulness and accuracy of the advertising as modified, NAD or CARU will notify the advertiser, in writing, detailing these concerns and making further recommendations. The advertiser will have five business days to respond.

(a) If NAD/CARU finds that the advertiser has accepted and agreed to promptly implement the
recommendations, NAD or CARU shall determine that no further action is required, close the compliance inquiry, and report this in the Case Reports and continue to monitor for compliance;

(b) If NAD/CARU finds that the advertiser has not agreed to promptly implement the recommendations, after notification to the advertiser, NAD or CARU shall refer the file to the appropriate government agency, release information regarding the referral to the press and the public, and report the referral in the Case Reports.

B. **Compliance with NARB decisions.** After reviewing the advertiser’s response to a request for a status report on compliance with an NARB decision, and after reviewing the current advertising, NAD/CARU shall submit to the NARB Chair the file relating to compliance along with NAD/CARU’s recommendations. If the NARB Chair determines that:

(1) the advertising is in compliance with the NARB panel’s recommendations, the NARB Chair shall make a determination that no further action is required and close the compliance inquiry;

(2) the advertiser, after a reasonable amount of time, has not made a bona fide attempt to bring its advertising into compliance with the NARB panel’s recommendations and/or the representations made in the Advertiser’s Statement, or the advertiser fails to respond to the compliance inquiry, the NARB Chair shall refer the file to the appropriate government agency, release information regarding the referral to the press and the public, and report the referral in the NAD/CARU Case Reports. The amount of time considered reasonable to modify or discontinue the advertising in question will vary depending on the advertising medium involved;

(3) the advertiser has made a reasonable attempt to comply with an NARB panel decision, but the NARB Chair remains concerned about the truthfulness and accuracy of the advertising as modified, the NARB Chair will notify the advertiser, in writing, detailing these concerns and making further recommendations. The advertiser will have five business days to respond.

(a) If the NARB Chair finds that the advertiser has accepted and agreed to promptly implement the NARB Chair’s recommendations, the NARB Chair shall determine that no further action is required, close the compliance inquiry, and report this in the NAD/CARU Case Reports.

(b) If the NARB Chair finds that the advertiser has not agreed to promptly implement the NARB Chair’s recommendations, after notification to the advertiser, the NARB Chair shall refer the file to the appropriate government agency, release information regarding the referral to the press and the public, and report the referral in the NAD/CARU Case Reports.